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DATE(S) ISSUED:

11/9/2009

11/24/2009 - **UPDATED**

SUBJECT:

Vulnerability in TLS Protocol Session Renegotiation

OVERVIEW:

A vulnerability exists in the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol that could allow attackers to intercept secure communications from unsuspecting users. TLS is widely used to provide secure communication over the Internet. If successfully exploited, this could result in information disclosure or credential theft of the affected user.

Please note: Proof of concept code has been published and is publically available. However, we have not received any reports of active exploitation of this vulnerability.

ORIGINAL SYSTEMS AFFECTED:

Apache Software Foundation Apache 2.2.8
Apache Software Foundation Apache 2.2.9
GNU GnuTLS 2.0.0 - 2.8.3
Microsoft IIS 7.0
Microsoft IIS 7.5
OpenSSL Project OpenSSL 0.9.8h and prior
MandrakeSoft Multi Network Firewall 2.0
MandrakeSoft Linux Mandrake 2009.0 - 2009.1
MandrakeSoft Enterprise Server 4.0 - 5.0
MandrakeSoft Corporate Server 3.0 - 5.0

November 24 – UPDATES SYSTEMS AFFECTED:

VooDoo cIRCLE 1.1.37 and prior
Ubuntu Linux
Sun Solaris
Sun OpenSolaris
Slackware Linux
S.U.S.E. Linux
RedHat Desktop
RedHat Enterprise Linux
OpenVPN OpenVPN 2.0.9 and prior
Debian Linux
Cisco Wireless LAN Solution Engine 1130 2.0.5 and prior
Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers 4.2.176.0 and prior
Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Module 0
Cisco Wireless LAN Control 6.0.182.0 and prior
Cisco Wireless Control System Software 4.0.96 and prior

Cisco Video Surveillance Operations Manager Software 0
Cisco Video Surveillance Media Server Software 0
Cisco Telepresence Recording Server 0
Cisco NX-OS 4.1(4) and prior
Cisco IOS XE 2.4.1 and prior
Cisco IOS 12.2.2 (25) SEB3 and prior
Cisco FWSM for Cisco Catalyst 6500/7600 Series 2.3.1 and prior
Cisco Digital Media Player 0
Cisco Digital Media Manager
Cisco CSS11500 Content Services Switch 8.10.2 .65 and prior
Cisco CiscoWorks Wireless LAN Solution Engine (WLSE) 0
Cisco CiscoWorks Common Services 3.1.1 and prior
Cisco ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliance 7.1 and prior
Cisco ASA 5500 7.0.4 .3 and prior
Cisco Application Velocity System 3120 5.0.1 and prior
Cisco ACE Web Application Firewall 0
Cisco ACE Module A2(1.3) and prior
Cisco ACE GSS 4400 Series Global Site Selector 0
Cisco ACE Appliance 0
Cisco ACE 4710 Appliance A3(2.1)
Cisco ACE 4710 Appliance A1(8a) and prior
Cisco ACE 4700 Application Control Engine 0
Cisco Access Control Server (ACS) 0

RISK:

Government:

Large and medium government entities: **High**
Small government entities: **High**

Businesses:

Large and medium business entities: **High**
Small business entities: **High**

Home users: High

DESCRIPTION:

A vulnerability has been discovered in the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol that could allow attackers to perform man-in-the-middle (MITM) attacks. TLS provides secure communication for a variety of applications over the Transport layer. This vulnerability is known to work with the Hypertext Transport Protocol (HTTP), but is believed to be applicable to any other protocol that utilizes TLS for security. In the example of HTTP, the attack is performed by intercepting the 'Client Hello' and forcing the current TLS session to renegotiate the cipher used to secure the communications between hosts. This request for a new cipher is not made over the encrypted channel, but made in plaintext. In addition, to save time, Session ID's can be reused for the renegotiation process, thereby permitting easier exploitation by the attacker.

Successful usage of a MITM attack to exploit this issue does not allow for the decryption of the data, but does allow for the attacker to inject specifically crafted packets in the context of the current session. Also, it is of note to state that once a successful MITM attack has been executed that tools do exist to decrypt the traffic being controlled by the attacking host.

Please note: Proof of concept code has been published and is publically available. However, we have not received any reports of active exploitation of this vulnerability.

Multiple vendors have released patches that address this vulnerability.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

The following actions should be taken:

- Apply the appropriate vendor patches to vulnerable systems as soon as it becomes available after appropriate testing.
- Remind users not to visit un-trusted websites or follow links provided by unknown or un-trusted sources.
- If you believe you have been affected by attacks exploiting this vulnerability, please contact us immediately.

ORIGINAL REFERENCES:

Secunia:

<http://secunia.com/advisories/37291/>

<http://secunia.com/advisories/37292/>

Security Focus:

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/36935>

Sun:

http://blogs.sun.com/security/entry/vulnerability_in_tls_protocol_during

OpenSSL:

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=18790>

<http://www.openssl.org/source/openssl-0.9.8l.tar.gz>

MandrakeSoft:

<http://www.mandriva.com/en/download/>

CVE:

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2009-3555>

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Cisco:

<http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20091109-tls.shtml>

Sun:

<http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-66-273029-1>

US-CERT:

<http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/120541>

VooDoo cIRCLE:

<http://voodoo-circle.sourceforge.net/sa/sa-20091112-01.html>